

3. Prior to 30 October 1998, I conceived a method and system for operating a PDA for use with an IP phone device.

4. Prior to 30 October 1998, I had disclosed my invention to others within Lucent Technologies Inc., and had prepared and submitted written descriptions of the invention to Lucent Technologies' legal department for preparation of a patent application.

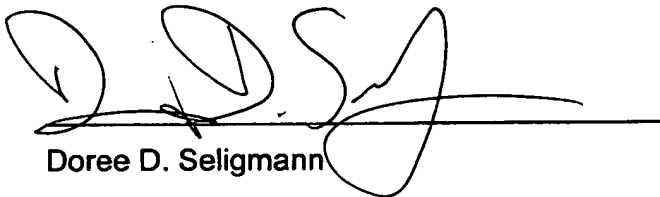
5. On the basis of my submitted written description and discussions with outside counsel (Esther Chin at Birch, Stewart, Koiach & Birch), a draft of the patent application was prepared by outside counsel and forwarded to me for review prior to 30 October 1998.

6. After receiving my approval of the draft, prior to 30 October 1998, outside counsel forwarded a copy of the draft patent application to a representative of Lucent Technology Inc.'s legal department, Eugene Rosenthal, via facsimile (A copy of the cover page and transmission report of this facsimile, with dates redacted, are attached as Exhibit A and a copy of the draft of the patent application is attached as Exhibit B).

7. Each of the above-listed acts occurred in the United States.

8. On 16 November 1998, the present application, U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 09/192,273, which conformed substantially to the approved draft referenced above, was filed with the United States Patent and Trademark Office.

9. I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.


Doree D. Seligmann

12/8/2003
Date

EXHIBIT A: COVER PAGE AND TRANSMISSION REPORT OF
FACSIMILE (WITH DATES REDACTED) PRIOR TO 30 OCT. 1998.

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Comments:

~~Ex~~ Here is the draft of the application
approved by Dorée.

I look forward to receiving
your comments ASAP.

- Esther

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EXHIBIT B: DRAFT OF THE PATENT APPLICATION, PRIOR TO 30
OCT. 1998.



METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR OPERATING A PDA FOR USE WITH AN IP PHONE DEVICE

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates to a method and system for operating a personal digital assistant (PDA) for use with an Internet Protocol (IP) phone or other communication devices.

5 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Phone features and policies known in the art include a Reach Me feature, a Simple Call Forwarding feature, and an International Call feature. The Reach Me feature forwards a call placed to the user's telephone number to different locations and phone lines, which ?? at differnet locations, designated by the user. The Simple Call
10 Forwarding feature forwards a call placed to the user's telephone number to one designated phone line. The International Call feature allows the user to place international calls using only a five-digit country code followed by a local number. Generally, offices and hotels employ different kinds of phones features and policies.

To implement these phone features and policies, switches such as Private Branch
15 Exchange (PBX) communicate with phones, other switches and telecommunication systems. Typically, a console connected to the switch provides the interface by which an administrator can load and configure phone features and policies. Users can program phone features and policies only by using their phones.

In setting up the user's personal phone features and policies, the user designates
20 certain phone features and policies per telephone number, which is tied to a designated

location, e.g., a house, an office, or a cell phone. The user has to use the phone tied to that location to operate under the user's personal phone features and policies.

If the user uses a phone at other than the designated phone location, the user must follow new and complicated instructions to operate the new phone. From other than the designated phone location, the user does not have direct access to his personal phone features and policies because the features and policies are tied to the designated phone location. For example, if the user desires to place a call from a hotel, the user must follow the hotel's instructions to communicate with outsiders. Often, he must pass through the hotel operator before he can place an outside call, and the outsider must pass through the hotel operator to speak with the user in the hotel.

Typically, a set of features and policies are bound to a specific phone which belongs to a particular owner and requires owner's permission for use and modification. Consequently, a user does not have access to program the specific phone based on the user's desired phone features and policies.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

I have recognized that it is inconvenient, time consuming, expensive, and inefficient for the user to receive and place calls once the user leaves his home, office, or other designated areas. The foregoing problems can be avoided, in accordance with the principles of the invention, by storing a list of available phone features and policies in a PDA, selecting certain phone features and policies from the stored phone features and policies, connecting the PDA with an IP phone device, and downloading the selected phone features and policies to the IP phone device in a new location, so that the IP phone device can be operated as the user's personal phone. Furthermore, I have recognized that the PDA can be used to verify the user's identity to ensure that only authorized individuals have access to the IP phone device or Internet Protocol-Public Branch Exchange (IP-PBX), and that the PDA can act as the display for the IP phone device. I have also recognized that the PDA with phone features and policies stored therein can visually display phone configurations and mappings to an administrator of the IP-PBX for verifying the actual configuration of the phone system based on the stored configuration. The present system and method according to the principles of the invention are appropriate for emerging technologies of IP telephony encompassing IP phones and IP-PBX. Furthermore, the PDA can provide a software layer so that a mapping between the user's preferences and the switches settings is done automatically by using, e.g., auto

detectors. Moreover, if the phone's features and policies are not evident, the PDA can be used to display the current phone features and settings of the phone.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

5 In the drawings:

Fig. 1 shows a block diagram of an exemplary PDA/IP phone system according to the principles of the invention;

Fig. 2 shows a block diagram of an exemplary PDA of the PDA/IP phone system shown in Fig. 1;

10 Fig. 3 shows a block diagram of an exemplary IP phone device of the PDA/IP phone system shown in Fig. 1;

Fig. 4 shows a block diagram of an exemplary docking base unit (DBU) of the PDA/IP phone system shown in Fig. 1;

15 Fig. 5 shows a flowchart of a particular exemplary method for implementing the invention;

Fig. 6 shows a flowchart of another exemplary method for implementing the invention; and

Fig. 7 shows a flowchart of still another exemplary method for implementing the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

20 Fig. 1 shows a block diagram of an exemplary PDA/IP phone system in accordance with the principles of the invention. More particularly, as shown in Fig. 1, the PDA/IP phone system according to the principles of the invention includes a PDA 10 connectable to a personal computer (PC) 30, an IP phone device 40, and a docking base unit (DBU) 50. The PDA 10 is a PDA known in the art and communicates data with the PC 30 and the IP phone device 40 through serial ports 31 and 42 of these devices. The PDA 10 is also connectable to other types of communication devices, such as a cell phone, a fax machine, and an advanced pager. The PC 30 and the IP phone device 40 have access to the Internet 100 through known protocols, and, through the Internet 100, the PDA 10, the PC 30 and IP phone device 40 have access to an IP-PBX 200. The IP-PBX 200 is a known switch system that controls phone operations and associated devices. The PC 30 is a standard PC with a modem known in the art, and the IP phone device 40 is an IP phone known in the art. Any IP phone device provides standard phone functionality,

such as, generating dial tones, busy signals, etc. The PDA 10 generally includes the DBU 50 built in, but the DBU 50 may be a separate unit from the PDA 10 as shown in Fig. 1.

Fig. 2 shows a block diagram of the PDA 10 according to the principles of the invention. As shown in Fig. 2, the PDA 10 includes a CPU 13 connected to a display 11,
5 an input unit 12, a memory 14, a battery 15, a modem and cell phone attachments 16, a serial port 17 for directly connecting with the serial port 31 of the PC 30 or the like, and a synchronization unit 18.

The CPU 13 controls operations of the components of the PDA 10. The memory 14 stores software for implementing the standard PDA functions, such as an address book
10 for storing names, mailing addresses, phone numbers, and e-mail addresses; a calculator; a datebook for setting up appointments; and a memo pad for keeping a to-do list. Unlike in conventional PDAs, the memory 14 also stores the user's identity information (user profile), a list of different types of phone features and policies, and phone numbers/devices associated with phone services. Such data can be downloaded or
15 uploaded to and from the PC 30 through the serial ports 17 and 31, whose operations are known in the art.

The input unit 12 is used to enter information, e.g., user's identity information and e-mail addresses, into the PDA 10. The input unit 12 may be a touch sensitive screen, a keypad with an input pen, or other input device known in the art. The inputted
20 information is stored in the memory 14. Under control of the CPU 13, the display 12 visually displays inputted data and stored information. The battery 15 supplies electrical power to all of the components of the PDA 10, and the modem and cell phone attachments 16 provide a direct connection to the Internet 100 and cell phones. The serial port 17 transmits and receives data to and from the PC 30, the IP phone device 40, or
25 other communication devices. The synchronization unit 18 includes software known in the art for allowing data recognition and communication between the PDA 10 and other communication devices. That is, the known synchronization software is used to establish communication between the PDA 10 and the PC 30 or IP phone device 40. The serial port 17 can be a RS232 type port and is connectable to the input port of a CPU, a modem, cell
30 phone attachments, a phone jack, or other communication devices. Therefore, the principles of the invention can be carried out using the software and hardware already existing in the art.

The PDA 10 is also provided with a PHONE API (Application Program Interface) 19 for defining communication between the PDA 10 and the phone functionality, and a

FEATURE/POLICY API 20 for setting communication between the PDA 10 and phone features and policies. These APIs, loaded into the PDA 10, represent software which may be stored in the memory 14, can include switches known in the art, and provide the interface between the PDA 10 and another telecommunication devices so that the PDA 10 recognizes data from the connected telecommunication device and vice versa.

The PDA 10 also includes a security unit 21 for identifying the user, telephone devices and PCs to be connected with the PDA 10, and ensuring only authorized access to the PDA 10.

Fig. 3 shows a block diagram of the IP phone device 40 used in the system of Fig. 1. As shown in Fig. 3, the IP phone device 40 includes a CPU 41, a serial port 42, a memory 43 and a phone unit 44 all connected to each other. The memory 43 stores data transmitted to the IP phone device 40 via the serial port 42 under control of the CPU 41. The phone unit 44 including a speaker and a microphone that operate under control of the CPU 41 to provide the phone functionality. The PDA data stored in the memory 14 of the PDA 10 are accessible by the IP phone device 40 through the serial port 42. The IP phone device 40 includes other known components, e.g., an Operating System, a key pad, and an IP connection (not shown for the sake of clarity). In addition, a camera, a display, a keyboard, a magnetic/smart card reader, or a built-in docking base unit may be optionally provided in the IP phone device 40. The operation of each of these optional components is known in the art.

The IP phone device 40 allows Internet telephony, real-time transmission of voice, text, images, etc. over the Internet 100. For example, the user/caller connects to an Internet telephony gateway by, e.g., inputting a special number or an e-mail address through his IP phone device 40. The Internet telephony gateway receives the call and requests the user/caller to input the phone number of the desired party. The Internet telephony gateway then searches for a second Internet telephony gateway which is local to the inputted phone number through the Internet 100. The second Internet telephony gateway then places a call according to the inputted phone number on the receiving party's IP phone device or PC. The receiving party is then able to communicate with the caller through the Internet 100.

The IP phone device 40 uses the Internet 100 rather than the long-distance phone companies to send digital data (voice) to other IP phone devices or PCs. In this case, it is inexpensive to place long distance calls on the IP phone device 40 because the long distance phone companies are not involved and the transmission of data is carried over

the Internet 100. On the other hand, the IP phone device 40 can use the Internet 100 to connect with public phone networks known in the art to carry out phone operations. In these cases, phone numbers can be easily stored, modified and deleted in the IP phone device 40 such that the user merely selects the desired phone number to initiate the call.

5 Fig. 4 shows a block diagram of the DBU 50 of the system shown in Fig. 1 according to the principles of the invention. As shown in Fig. 4, the DBU 50 includes a serial port 51 and a synchronization unit 52 with known synchronization software. Although some known PDAs already have the DBU 50 built in, the DBU 50 may be a separate unit from the PDA 10. Using the synchronization unit 52, communication
10 between the PDA 10 and other communication devices can be established.

IP PHONE OPERATION

A method of operating a PDA with an IP phone device according to the principles of the invention will be described below referring to Fig. 5.

15 In Step 60, a list of available phone features and policies are stored in the memory 14 of the PDA 10. At this point, the PDA 10 already has the standard PDA functions in operation. For example, directory information including the user profile, the phone numbers and e-mail addresses of others has been input via the input unit 12 and stored in the memory 14 of the PDA 10. The PDA 10 can be connected to the PC 30 or the Internet
20 100, via the serial port 17 or modem and cell phone attachments 16 of the PDA 10, to download software providing different types of phone features and policies into the PDA 10. The IP-PBX 200 also has software corresponding to different types of phone features and policies, which can be downloaded and stored in the memory 14 of the PDA 10.

25 In Step 61, the current user inputs user identification data using the input unit 12 of the PDA 10. The security unit 21 of the PDA 10 compares this data with the user profile stored in the memory 14 of the PDA 10 under control of the CPU 13, and verifies the user's identity. If there is a match between the inputted and stored information, the process continues to the next step. Otherwise, the process ends and the current user is denied access to the phone features and policies stored in the PDA 10. The security unit
30 21 ensures that only the authorized individuals have access to the phone features and policies.

In Step 62, the user programs his personal phone features and policies using the display 11 and input unit 12 of the PDA 10. A list showing all the available phone features and policies is displayed on the display 11 of the PDA 10. The user selects, via

the input unit 12, certain features from the list, e.g., the Reach Me, the Simple Call Forwarding, and the International Call features, stores them in the memory 14 as the user's personal phone features and policies, and inputs additional information, such as phone numbers, to the PDA 10 to implement the selected phone features. By viewing the display 11 of the PDA 10, the user can delete and modify the existing phone features and policies of the user.

When the user travels to a remote location and finds an IP phone device, such as the IP phone device 40, the user connects the PDA 10 with the IP phone device 40 by connecting the serial port 17 of the PDA 10 to the serial port 42 of the IP phone device 40 in Step 63. This IP phone device 40 is not necessarily the user's, but is an arbitrary IP phone tied to the remote location. The IP phone device 40 is connected to the Internet 100 through a modem, a wireless modem or other known device.

Once the PDA 10 is connected to the IP phone device 40, the user identity verification step is carried out as in Step 64. This step is similar to Step 61 and ensures that only the properly authorized users have access to the IP phone device 40. This feature is optional, but can be advantageous when the PDA 10 is lost or stolen since the finder or thief cannot access the IP phone device 40 without the true owner's identification data.

Once the user's identity has been established, the phone features and policies designed in Step 62 are downloaded to the IP phone device 40 through the serial ports 17 and 42 of the PDA 10 and the IP phone device 40, respectively, in Step 65. The IP-PBX 200 receives this information from the IP phone device 40 through the Internet 100, and operates the phone system according to this information. Then in Step 66, the user is able to operate the IP phone device 40 according to the user's personal phone features and policies. If the user wishes to modify the user's phone features and policies after the operation of the IP phone device 40 in Step 66, the process returns to Step 62 and the user carries out Steps 62, 64, 65 and 66. Accordingly, the user may design his personal phone features and policies (Step 62) after the PDA 10 has been connected to the IP phone device 40 (Step 63).

According to this method, the user can temporarily program any available IP phone/communication device regardless of location. The IP phone device 40 functions as the user's personal phone, and the user can freely initiate and receive calls through the IP phone device 40, just like he does on his home or office phone. That is, the IP phone device 40 now operates under the user's selected phone features and policies. Outsiders

can reach the user without knowing the exact location of the user or the phone number corresponding to that location.

IP-PBX OPERATION

5 According to the principles of the invention, the user can connect the PDA 10 directly to the IP-PBX 200 through the Internet 100, and more permanently modify his phone features and policies for future usage. Fig. 6 shows a flowchart showing this method according to the principles of the invention.

10 As shown in Fig. 6, phone features and policies are stored in the memory 14 of the PDA 10 in Step 70. The security unit 21 compares the user's identity information stored in the memory 14 with the current user's identification data input via the input unit 12 in Step 71. If there is a match between the inputted and stored information, the process continues to the next step. Otherwise, the user is denied access to the phone features and policies stored in the memory 14 of the PDA 10. Steps 70 and 71 are similar to Steps 60 and 61 shown in Fig. 5.

15 In Step 72, the user selects, via the input unit 12 of the PDA 10, certain desired phone features and policies from the list of features and policies shown on the display 11 of the PDA 10. This step is similar to Step 62 shown in Fig. 5. The user can input additional information as needed to implement the selected features, and stores the created features and policies in the memory 14 of the PDA 10. Then, through the modem and cell phone attachments 16, the PC 30, or other communication device, the PDA 10 is connected to the IP-PBX 200 via the Internet 100 in Step 73. The user's phone features and policies created in Step 72 are uploaded to the IP-PBX through the Internet 100, and the IP-PBX controls the user's phone system according to the received phone features and policies in Step 74. The user may design his personal phone features and policies (Step 20 72) after the PDA has been connected to the IP-PBX (Step 73), and the user identity verification (Step 71) may be performed after the PDA 10 has been connected to the IP-PBX (between Steps 73 and 74).

30 VERIFICATION OPERATION

 If the user is an administrator of the IP-PBX, the PDA 10 according to the principles of the invention can be used as a verification tool as shown in Fig. 7.

 In Step 80, the administrator downloads phone features and policies, particularly, phone configurations and mappings corresponding thereto, of different customers into his

PDA 10 from a main IP-PBX terminal or other designated systems. The user identity verification operation is performed in Step 81 where the identity of the administrator is verified. Steps 80 and 81 are similar to Steps 70 and 71 shown in Fig. 6. In Step 82, once the user's identity has been verified, the administrator selects and displays phone configurations and mappings for the desired customers using the input unit 12 and the display 11 of the PDA 10. In Step 83, the administrator compares the actual configuration and mappings between switches and lines, etc. with the displayed information to verify the accuracy of the actual configuration and mappings of the phone system. Further, the administrator who is visiting individual homes or offices can connect his PDA 10 to the IP-PBX 200 via a modem or the like, and can change or correct the phone features and policies on site, as needed.

According to the principles of the invention, any arbitrary IP phone device can operate as the user's personal phone. The user is familiar with placing and receiving calls using his own phone so that, with the present PDA/IP phone system, the user in remote locations initiates and receives calls without having to follow new and complicated instructions. The standard PDA objects, such as the address book, calendar, and calculator, stored in the PDA 10 can be displayed for the user to place calls without having to memorize phone numbers. The user can select a phone number among the displayed phone numbers, and the PDA 10 can automatically initiate the call. Any calls (numbers) the user receives through the IP phone/communication device 40 can be stored in the PDA 10. Further, the PDA 10 is used to verify the user's identity so as to provide a secure and reliable IP phone system.

Also, the user can transfer his personal phone features and policies stored in the PDA 10 to an IP-PBX. This way, the user can design his phone features and policies using the PDA 10.

Moreover, an administrator of the IP-PBX uses the PDA 10 as a verification tool. The administrator stores phone features and policies, and devices/numbers of the customers in his PDA 10. The PDA 10 visually displays the stored information including the switch and wire configurations, etc. on its screen to the administrator. Using the displayed information, the administrator verifies whether the actual wire/switch configuration corresponds to the stored information.

In addition, a call center which routes incoming calls to various agents can be augmented with the PDA 10 to serve as a verification and programming tool. The call centers route calls based on a number of different criteria including the receipt priority

and preferred customer list. Using the PDA 10, call center agents can log in after the authentication and verification where the call center verifies the identify of the call center agents who desire to access the system, and the call center automatically routes calls to that agent. In this way, agent's features and policies will be automatically associated with the phone the particular agent is using.

Although the phone features and policies have been described in connection with the principles of the present invention, the PDA/IP phone system and method according to the invention can be used in connection with other features and policies.

The foregoing merely illustrates the principles of the invention. It will thus be appreciated that those skilled in the art will be able to devise various arrangements which, although not explicitly described or shown herein, embody the principles of the invention and are thus within its spirit and scope.

I claim:

1 1. A method of operating a Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) with an Internet
2 Protocol (IP) phone device, comprising the steps of:
3 providing a PDA;
4 storing a list of features and policies in the PDA;
5 creating, in the PDA, features and policies for a user based on the list of features
6 and policies; and
7 operating an IP phone device according to the created features and policies.

1 2. The invention as defined in claim 1 wherein in said storing step, the stored
2 features and policies include phone features and phone policies.

1 3. The invention as defined in claim 1 wherein said operating step includes
2 the step of:
3 synchronizing the PDA with the IP phone device.

1 4. The invention as defined in claim 1 further comprising the steps of:
2 prestoring identity information of the user in the PDA; and
3 verifying, in the PDA, the identity of a current user based on the prestored identity
4 information.

1 5. The invention as defined in claim 1 wherein said operating step includes
2 the step of:
3 receiving and initiating calls through the IP phone device according to the created
4 features and policies.

1 6. The invention as defined in claim 1 further comprising the step of:
2 modifying the created features and policies.

1 7. The invention as defined in claim 1 wherein said creating step includes the
2 step of:
3 selecting certain features and policies from the list of features and policies.

1 8. The invention as defined in claim 1 wherein said providing step includes
2 the step of:

3 providing the PDA with a phone API (application program interface) for
4 interfacing the PDA with phone functionality of the IP phone device.

1 9. The invention as defined in claim 1 wherein said providing step includes
2 the step of:

3 providing the PDA with a feature/policy API (application program interface) for
4 interfacing the PDA with the created features and policies for the user.

1 10. The invention as defined in claim 1 further comprising the step of:
2 connecting the PDA to an IP-PBX via the IP phone device.

1 11. A method of operating a Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) with an Internet
2 Protocol-Public Branch Exchange (IP-PBX), comprising the steps of:

3 providing a PDA;

4 storing a list of features and policies in the PDA;

5 creating, in the PDA, features and policies for a user based on the list of features
6 and policies; and

7 transferring the created features and policies to the IP-PBX.

1 12. The invention as defined in claim 11 wherein said transferring step
2 includes the step of:

3 connecting the PDA to the IP-PBX through the Internet.

1 13. The invention as defined in claim 11 further comprising the steps of:

2 prestoring identification data of the user in the PDA; and

3 verifying, after said storing step, the identity of a current user of the PDA based on
4 the prestored identification data.

1 14. A method of operating a PDA (Personal Digital Assistant), comprising the
2 steps of:

3 providing a PDA;

4 storing features and policies of a plurality of customers in the PDA; and

5 verifying phone configurations based on the features and policies stored in the
6 PDA.

1 15. The invention as defined in claim 14 wherein in said storing step, the
2 features and policies are phone features and phone policies of the customers.

1 16. The invention as defined in claim 14 further comprising the steps of:
2 prestoring identification data of a user of the PDA in the PDA; and
3 verifying the identity of a current user of the PDA based on the prestored
4 identification data.

1 17. The invention as defined in claim 14 further comprising at least one of the
2 following steps:
3 deleting certain features and policies from the features and policies stored in the
4 PDA;
5 modifying the features and policies stored in the PDA; and
6 selecting certain features and policies from the features and policies stored in the
7 PDA.

1 18. A system for operating a Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) with an Internet
2 Protocol (IP) phone device, comprising:
3 a PDA for storing a list of features and policies therein, and creating features and
4 policies for a user based on the stored list of features and policies; and
5 an IP phone device communicating with said PDA and operating according to the
6 created features and policies.

1 19. The invention as defined in claim 18 wherein the stored list of features and
2 policies includes a list of phone features and phone policies.

1 20. The invention as defined in claim 18 wherein said PDA includes a
2 synchronization unit for synchronizing the PDA with the IP phone device.

1 21. The invention as defined in claim 18 wherein said PDA includes:
2 a memory for prestoring identification data for the user in the PDA; and

3 a security unit for verifying the identity of a current PDA user based on the
4 prestored identification data.

1 22. The invention as defined in claim 18 wherein said PDA includes a phone
2 API (application program interface) for interfacing the PDA with phone functionality of
3 the IP phone device.

1 23. The invention as defined in claim 18 wherein said PDA includes a
2 feature/policy API (application program interface) for interfacing the PDA with the
3 created features and policies for the user.

1 24. The invention as defined in claim 18 wherein said PDA includes a
2 connection for connecting the PDA to an Internet Protocol-Public Branch Exchange (IP-
3 PBX).

1 25. A system for operating a Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) with an Internet
2 Protocol-Public Branch Exchange (IP-PBX), comprising:

3 a PDA for storing a list of features and policies in the PDA, creating features and
4 policies for a user based on the list of features and policies, and transferring the created
5 features and policies to the IP-PBX.

1 26. The invention as defined in claim 25 wherein said PDA includes one of a
2 modem and a wireless modem for connecting the PDA to the IP-PBX through the
3 Internet.

1 27. The invention as defined in claim 25 wherein said PDA includes:
2 a memory for prestoring identification data for the user in the PDA; and
3 a security unit for verifying the identity of a current PDA user based on the
4 prestored identification data.

1 28. A system for operating a Personal Digital Assistant (PDA), comprising:
2 a PDA for storing features and policies of a plurality of customers in the PDA,
3 and displaying phone configurations based on the features and policies stored in the PDA.

1 29. The invention as defined in claim 28 wherein the features and policies
2 stored in the PDA include phone features and phone policies of the customers.

1 30. The invention as defined in claim 28 wherein said PDA includes:
2 a memory for prestoring identification data for the user in the PDA; and
3 a security unit for verifying the identity of a current PDA user based on the
4 prestored identification data.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A PDA stores a list of available phone features and policies and selects certain phone features and policies from the stored features and policies. When connected with an IP phone device, the PDA downloads the selected phone features and policies to the IP phone device in a new location, so that the IP phone device can be operated as the user's personal phone. The PDA verifies the user's identity to ensure that only authorized individuals have access to the IP phone device or IP-PBX. Also, the PDA, with phone features and policies stored therein, visually displays phone configurations and mappings to an administrator of the IP-PBX for verifying the actual configuration of the phone system based on the stored configuration.